SKIRMISH BETWEEN OUTPOSTS NORTH OF THE YALOO-GERMANY SUPPLYING CHINA WITH

MODERN ARMS-JAPAN TO RAISE A NEW INTERNAL LOAN.

London, Oct. 10 .- A dispatch to "The Star" from Shanghai says that the Japanese and Chinese outposts had a skirmish yesterday north of the Yaloo River. The Japanese across th river reported that 45,000 Japanese troops had landed at Shan-Hal-Kwan, at the entrance of the Gulf of Llau-Tong, and cut all the telegraph wires. Shan-Hal-Kwan is the terminus of the great high road from Pekin. The report that the Japanese had landed in force at New-Chwang is unconfirmed.

A dispatch from Shanghai to the Central News says that, although the Chinese Government has plenty of men at its disposal, there is a total lack of modern arms for their use. This deficiency, the dispatch asserts, the Germans are endeavoring to supply. Many of the Chinese soldiers recently sent to the front have been armed only with jingals and bows and arrows. The families of the customs officials at Peking are arriving at Shanghai by every steamer.

A high official in the service of the Govern ment recently reported that the Chinese fleet which has been operating against the Japanese squadron is powerless to cope with the enemy, and, in fact, is of not the slightest use as a means of offence or defence

A dispatch to "The Pall Mall Gazette" from Yokohama says the Japanese Government has decided to raise an internal war loan of 110,000,000, which, together with the new taxation for war purposes, will bring the resources "The Pall Mall Gazette" from of the Government up to £26,000,000. A minor-ity in the Cabinet favored a foreign loan, as last internal loan was raised so recently Shanghai, Oct. 10 - The Chinese fleet at Port

Arthur, having completed repairs, will put reports of yesterday's skirmish north of the reports of yesterday's skirmish north of the Yaloo River say the Japanese were driven across the river. A dispatch from Tien-Tsin says the British and Russian Ministers have arrived there, and will proceed at once to Peking.

Berlin, Oct. 10 .- It is stated here that China has asked Germany to use her good offices with a view of terminating the war between China and Japan.

Paris, Oct. 10 .- The "Gaulois" says that if the French squadron in the East be again increased, it will be placed under command of Admiral Gervais.

THE POPE'S COMING ENCYCLICAL. DESIGNED TO END THE OPPOSITION TO THE SATOLLI DELEGATION-AN AUDIENCE GIVEN TO SENOR CASTELAR.

Rome, Oct. 10 .- It is stated upon high Vatican authority that the Pope said to Monsignor Gravel yesterday that his Encyclical letter dealing with the affairs of the Church in the United States was aimed at ending the opposition in America to the Apostolic Delegation. In the course of his con versation with Monsignor Gravel, the Pope ex-claimed repeatedly: "It must be ended!"

The Pope this morning gave an audience to Sener Castelar, to whom he was extremely cordial. Seno Castelar thanked the Pope for his democratic and social leanings, and the Pope congratulated the Spanish statesman upon his provisional adhesion to the Spanish monarchy as an act of political pru-

dence.

After his audierce, Señor Castelar expressed his admiration of the Pope's sound, common sense, broad views and insight into human affairs. He said that the Pope could do much to promote international peace. Late this afternoon Premier Crispi called upon Señor Castelar.

THE MISSION OF M. LE MYRE DE VILERS. FRENCH COMMISSIONER AT ZANZIBAR-HIS TRIP TO TANANARIVE BY WAY OF LA REUNION ISLAND.

The Paris newspapers reaching here yesterday by the Teutonic publish the following in regard to the voyage of M. Le Myre de Vilets, the French Commissioner, whose mission to Madagascar the Government of the African island and that of

France:

The Government received yesterlay, October 3, a dispatch from M. Le Myre de Vilers, dated from Zanzibar, reporting his arrival in that city. M. Le Myre de Vilers will start from Zanzibar for the island of La Réunion, where he will embark for Tamatave, on heard of a man-of-war. From Tamatave to Tamanarive the road is long and difficult. Our Plenpoientiary will not be able, therefore, to accomplish his mission to the Court of Emyrhe before about October 25. It will be only at the end of this month that the result of the mission can be known.

LINE OFFICERS OPPOSE HOBSON'S CHOICE. Washington, Oct. 18.-Line officers of the Navy. it is said, are bringing great pressure to ben on Secretary Herbert to induce him to abandon his intention of sending Constructor Hobson to the scene of the Asiatic war. They resent what the term an invasion of their prerogatives, no staff officer having ever before been detailed for what is considered distinctly military service. It is Is considered distinctly military service. It is doubtful whether Mr. Hobson will be able to reach San Francisco in time to sail by the Gastic, on October 16, as originally intended. Secretary Herbert is still convinced that the intermation sought to be gained through Mr. Hobson's detail would be of great value to the Navy; and, unless he is convinced by the representations being made to him that line officers now in Commodors Carpenter's fleet are competent to seeure the technical information desired, he may adhere to his original determination.

THE CIVIL MARRIAGE BILL ADVANCED. Budapest, Oct. 19 .- The third reading of the bill providing for civil marriages was passed by the House of Magnates to-day

CRITICISING THE PEARY EXPEDITION. Christiania, Oct. 19.-An interview with Astrop, onof the members of Peary's Arctic exploring party, is published in the "Morganbiadt" to-day. Astrup was respectful in referring to Peary, but spoke with some reservation. Among the many things he said was that the pemmican comprised in the stores of the expedition was spoiled and unfit to eat. It was more than ten years old, he asserted, having been made for the Greely expedition. He believed that made for the Greely expedition. He believed that his suffering from typhoid fever was due to eating the pennaican. The equipment of the party, too, was bad. Only three of the siedges were useful. The others were made in the United States upon plans entirely unsuitable. Originally the party had eight donkeys, but five of them died before the expedition reached a point where they could be made useful, and the remaining three soon became broken down. As the spring advanced the party became decidedly inharmonious, largely in consequence of the presence of women.

f women.

Astrup blamed Peary also for ignoring his active to take on the inland excursion a large tent or winter quarters. Astrup's general complaint is



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HAS CHE-FOO BEEN CAPTURED? JAPANESE LEGATION OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON

Washington, Oct. 10.-Neither the Chinese nor the Japanese Legation has yet been advised by its Government of the reported capture of Che-Foo. The orrectness of the report is doubted at the Chinese Legation. The officials there say that Che-Foo is strongly fortified, and that a considerable Chinese army is stationed there. They declare that would require a large force to capture the place, and that they would certainly be informed if a battle of any importance had been fought. It not the policy of the Peking Government to keep its diplomatic representatives in foreign countries advised of the progress of the war.

Chinese officials think there is no question that the ultimate destination of the Japanese Army is Peking. They are not disposed, however, to be lieve that the enemy's troops will be successful in reaching the Chinese capital. The winter begins early in the northern provinces, and the Japanese say, will encounter great difficulties in march across the country. The loss of Peking, they sert, would by no means end the war. Each su-

but the Chinese troops are rapidly getting on a war footing, and the result of this will be a more determined resistance on their part.

At the Japanese Legation it is believed that the dispatches announcing the fail of Chee-Foo are correct. If the city has been captured without a battle, the Legation is not likely to receive notice; but if a serious conflict has occurred, full particulars will soon be received. The Japanese Minister says that the mere fact that Che-Foo is a treaty port, will not prevent the troops of his country from occupying it. A belligerent force may blockade or, if need be, bombard a treaty port with forty-eight hours' notice. At the beginning of hostillities, the English Government requested that Shanghai should be regarded as neutral territory, because of the vast British interests there. To this request Japan consented, but this is the only condition made by the Japanese Government with any foreign power regarding the neutrality of Chinese cities.

THE CZAR PROBABLY WORSE. A REPORT THAT PYAEMIA HAS SET IN-DR. LEY-DEN AGAIN SUMMONED.

London, Oct. 19 .- A dispatch from Berlin to "The Telegraph says that Professor Leyden has again been summoned by telegraph to attend the Czar, and will start for Livadia at once, to re main some time.

According to the Cracow newspapers, pyaemi has been established, and none of the official reports concerning the Czar's condition tally with

spondent in Berlin telegraphs: "Professor Leyden henceforth will take the treatment of the Czar into his own hands. He has obtained several months leave of absence from his university duties. The Russian noctors regarded the asthma, lack of appetite, faintings and vomitings as symptoms of uraemia. Prifes or Leyden ascribes symptoms of ursemia. Pr f se or Leyden ascribes them to extreme nervousness. Dr. Zacharin, owing to his eccentricities, seems unfitted for such a nervous patient."

BRITISH NAVY EXPENSES AND THE COLO-

London, Oct. 19,-"The Morning Post" will publish to-morrow a leader on "British Naval Movements in the East." In its discussion of imperial defence

It says. The colonies hold aloof from Great Britain and are content to look on while the mother country pays premiums for their assurance policies. The time as come for a chance. We would not do the colonies the injustice of supposing they would refuse to share the expense of the may's coaling stations if they were asked, but we are surprised that not a single colony has offered to do so. This being so, imperial authority must take the initiative. It is clearly the duty of the Government to summon a conference of delegates from Australia, Canada and the Cape to discuss with the War Office and Admiralty some particles.

FRAGMENTS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Dublin, Oct. 12.—"The Irish Times" says that Mrs. Parnell, widow of the late leader of the Irish party, has given permission to John E. Redmond, Timothy Harrington and J. J. O Kelly to examine the private papers of her husband, and has intrusted to Mr.

London, Oct. 16.—The British steamer Chicago, from Sunderland for Eultimore, is ashore at Collis-ton and is likely to be a total wreck. Her crew were saved.

St. Petersburg. Oct. 10.—At a meeting held by the leading sugar manufacturers at Kieff it was resolved to adopt a scheme to restrict production. On Friday an agreement to this effect will be signed. Paris, Oct. 10.—Preparations for fitting out the expedition which is to be sent to Madacascar by the French Government are being rapidly advanced. The cruiser Archuse is being armed at Brest to take part in the expedition.

London, Oct. 16.—P. Henderson, British Consul-London, Oct. 10.—P. Henderson, British Consul at Cadiz, who was in London on leave of absence, called at the Foreign Office this afternoon, and in the course of the business which led him there en-gazed in conversation with H. St. G. Foley, the precis writer of the Foreign Department. Suddenly the drew a revolver, and before Mr. Foley could in-terfere shot himself in the head and fell to the floor, dying in a few minutes. Mr. Henderson's motive for taking his life is unknown.

OBITUARY.

FREDERICK SIBELL.

Frederick Sibell, whose funeral took place last Priday at No. 125 East Flfty-seventh-st., was a member of the firm of Sibell & Hurat, wholesale cutlery dealers. He had been in feeble health for some time. He leaves a son, sixteen months old, and a young widow, who lives with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Woodard Betts.

FREDERICK L BLOHM.

Frederick L. Blohm, a well-known resident of the Eastern District, Brooklyn, died at his home, No. 26 South Fourth-st, in that city, on Wednesday night, Mr. Blohm was in his sixty-fifth year. He was born in Germany, and came to this country over filly years ago. Thirty-five years ago he beover his years ago. Entity-live years ago he he-came a butter merchant. He succeeded well, and about three years ago retired. Last March he re-ceived a Custom House appointment. He held his place only a few days, when he had a stroke of apoplexy. A second stroke on Monday night caused his death. Several children survive him. The fu-neral services will be held at his home this evening at 8 o'clock.

SIR JOHN DUGDALE ASTLEY.

London, Oct. 10. -Sir John Dugdale Astley, bare net, the well-known sportsman, died in London this morning.

Pebruary 12, 1828. He was appointed lieutenant of the Scots Guards in 1838, and brevet-major in 1854. He served in the Eastern campaign of 1854-55, and was severely wondided at Alma; he received a medial and claps for Sebastopol and other engagements in the Orlinea. Later he retired from the army. In 1855 he married the only child of the late Thomas G. Corbett. From 1874 to 1889 he sait in the Commons as a Conservative member for North Lincolnshire. He took nis father's title in 1873, being the third holder of it. He leaves three sons and four daughters, his heir being Sir Francis Edmund George. Astley-Corbett. Sir John will be chiefly remembered in the United States as the giver of the famous Astley go-as-you-please pedestrian champlon belt, a much coveted prize in the days of long distance walking.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 10. Joseph Kellogg Wheeler hodies of Connecticut, died this morning of Bright's disease, aged sixty years. He was a thirty-thire degree Mason, and had been grand secretary of the grand lodge for twenty-eight years. He was also grand secretary of the grand chapter, grand recorder of the grand council, and grand recorder of the grand commandery. He was also representative of the grand lodge of England to the United States, and received the jewe's of that office from the Prince of Wales. Newburg, N. Y., Oct. 10.—Robert A. McKune died

In this city last night at the home of his sister, Mrs. Robert C.*Bancroft, aged seventy-one years. During the great Reading Railroad riots Mr. Mc-Kune was the Mayor of Scranton, Penn. One day there was a terrific encounter in the streets Mayor McKune endeavored to quell the disturbance. He was surrounded by rioters and struck on the head. A Catholic priest, an intimate friend, saved him from further harm, and the injured man was conveyed to the hospital, where it was found that he had sustained a fracture of the skull. By skilful treatment his life was saved, but he suffered from the injury ever since. Six years ago he removed from Scranton to Wilkesharre, and later became the secretary of the Board of Trade of that city, a position he held at the time of his death. Five weeks ago he was attacked by heart and lung trouble, and came to Newburg hoping to recuperate, but he falled rapidly. He went to California during the gold excitement of 1816, and was a member of the Association of Forty-Niners. He was a widower and leaves no family. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The burial will take place in this city. ance. He was surrounded by rioters and struck

THE AMERICAN BOARD.

ITS ANNUAL MEETING OPENS IN MADI-

AN UNFAVORABLE FINANCIAL SHOWING-COL LECTIONS FALLING OFF-VASTNESS OF

SON, WIS.

THE FOREIGN MISSION WORK. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 10.-The eighty-fifth an nual meeting of the American Board opened in the Congregational Church of this beautiful capital of Wisconsin this afternoon. The attendance of corporate and honorary members is not as large as usual, but for this there are many reasons. The financial pressure of the past year has borne heavily upon all, and many felt unequal to the expense of the long trip. The stim ulus of the intense discussions of the past years is lacking, and there is a noticeable absence of leaders on both sides of the great controversy that closed at Worcester last year. The Conservatives are more numerous than the Liberals The venerable president is at his post, but Dr Allen is replaced by Dr. Daniels, and instead of the patriarchal figure of Dr. Clark appears the slight form of Dr Barton. There is, however, no lack of interest or of determination to meet boldly the problems which are no less serious than any that the board has faced at previous After a graceful welcome by Charles K. Adams

of the university, to which Dr. Storrs responded very happily, Secretary Daniels read the report of the home department. Seven corporate members have died during the year, including A. C. Barstow, of Providence, R. I., Elbert B. Monroe, of Tarrytown, N. Y. and President Butterfield, of Ollyet College. Forty-four new missionaries have been sent out and twenty-three have re-turned to their fields after a furlough in thi

The financial statement, however, was the one for which all looked with interest. It was simple, straightforward and complete. The board began the year with a debt of \$83,318; the expenditures amounted to \$733,651; the reboard began the year with a debt of \$88,318; the expenditures amounted to \$733,651; the receipts from all sources were \$705,132, leaving a debt for the new year of \$115,237. The collections for the ordinary work of the board amounted to \$385,150, a failing off of \$30,525 from the previous year; the wemen's boards gave \$192,873, a falling off of \$12,899; the income from invested funds fell off \$4,170. To help bear the burden expenditures were reduced \$55,282. The amount received from legacies increased by \$37,009. Natwithstanding every effort, the fact simply is that not only has the debt not been removed, but it has been increased. The inference was irresistible that if the work of the board is to go on, even at its present rate, not only must the debt be removed, but the ordinary income must be increased by \$75,000 at least. Unless this is done it seems inevitable that somewhere the work must be cut off. Already expenses are cut down almost to the extent of crushing the missionaries. Common sense would say that it is better to recall the question in regard to sending out new missionaries. Hitherto the board has acted upon the principle that it will send any that offer and are adapted to the work, according in this respect to the action of the Church Missionary Society of England. Shall it continue to do so, or shall it follow. of the Church Missionary Society of England Shall it continue to do so, or shall it follow the decision of the London Missionary Society and decide to send no more missionaries until

comes encouragement. New opportunities were reported; growth in congregations, churches and schools and in reasing influence. Obstacles are being overcome. The only note of discouragement was connected with the lack of fundamented for the work. An idea of the extent and needed for the work arried on by the board may be gained from the summary of statistics closing toe survey. There are missions, one each, in Japan, Micronesia, Hawaiian Islands, Leutkaria, Mexico, Spain and Austria; three in Africa (South, East and West); three in Turkey; four (South, East and Westr, three in Turkey; four each in China, in India and Ceylon. The places for stated preaching number 1,429, and the average attendance at these is 69,151. There are 184 ordained missionaries and 28 physicians. There are 183 unmarried female missionaries, including 2 physicians. There is also a large force of native laborers, including 241 pastors, 508 preachers and catechists, 1,553 school teachers and 568 other laborers, making a total of 3,441 American and native agents in the employ of the board. The regularity organized churches number 87, with a membership of 40,187. There are sixteen theological seminaries and station classes, with 230 pupils; sixty-five colleges and high schools with 4,217 rupils; sixty-three boarding schools for girls with 2,386 pupils, making the total number under instruction 50,406.

When it is remembered that the work can only

When it is remembered that the work can only in a meagre way be represented by such figures it will readily be seen that the question of its support becomes a vital one. To cut off any one of these missions means the destruction of influences of the greatest value, yet it would almost be easier to cut off entirely some part than to cut down all, so that all are hampered and unable to work to full advantage.

The annual sermon before the board was delivered by Dr. L. E. Flatt, of Manchester, N. H.

livered by Dr. L. E. Piati, of Manchester, N. H.
After the evening service there was a pleasant
reception tendered to the members of the board
and their friends in the Assembly Hall. Governor
Peck, Senator Vilas, Judge Carsidy, Mayor Corscott and their wives and the wife of General
Fairchild received the guests in the most cordial
manner. The opportunity was also furnished
for a general meeting of friends.

TRANSATIANTIC TRAVELLERS. Among the passengers arriving here yesterday on

the White Star steamer Teutonic from Liverpool, Vivian Rond, Alfred M. Crelo, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Coxe, Mrs. H. B. Coxe, Colonel De Lancy Foyd-Jones, Mrs. A. W. Coxe, Colonel De Lancy Floyd-Jones, All-Fester, Auderson Fowler, A. A. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. S. Barton French, A. L. Frothinsbam, Jr., W. R. Gardner, R. M. Gaedner, Mr. and Mrs. ner, Mr. and Mrs. H. Graves, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Grand d'Hantestile, Mrs. C. R. Hemenway, Mess E. T. Hemenway, Mess C. Hemenway, Mrs. C. T. Hemenway, C. W. Hondley, Hemenway, Miss C. T. Hemenway, C. W. Hoadley, Miss Higginson, Mr. and Mrz. George Hoadly, R. Horsmann, Miss Ethel Hurst, Mr. and Mrz. C. Oliver Iselin, Mr. and Mrz. J. R. Jones, Mr. and Mrz. F. Intes Kane, the Rev. E. Martin, Lester Leland, Mr. and Mrz. Edwin Packard, Mr. and Mrz. T. Nelson Page, George E. Patrick, Mrz. J. Pettit, Mrs. M. Scott Rowlands, Mr. and Mrz. N. J. Rust, the Rev. J. O. R. Sheridan, P. Hhufeldt, Mr. and Mrz. Pyam Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. W. Tompson, W. Tomping, Mrs. J. Torrance, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Trevot, Miss Trevor, Miss Turner, Edward Watson, Mrs. J. C. Westerveit, Mrs. Turner, Edward Watson, Mrs. J. C. Westerveit, Mrs. Floyd H. White, Miss M. T. White, Miss F. C. Whitney, L. K. Whiton, W. S. Whiton, Mr. and Mrz. W. R. Wilson.

I. K. Whiton, W. S. Whiton, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wilson.
Mr. and Mrs. John Adams. in F. J. Blodget, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Bartholomay, Mr. and Mrs. Friedrich R. von Beester, Mrs. Mary G. Ford. Riss Katheryne G. Ford. Henry Glesseler, Mr. and Mrs. Max Guggenheimer, ir. Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, Morris Heckscher, Antoinette Heckscher, Livingston Keyes, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Mr. and Mrs. Homer S. King, Mrs. Perdinand Koch, Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Koempel, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Leding, H. R. Mitchell, J. Stanley Moore, Ernest C. Moore, Georg Withelm Niemeyer, Mrs. J. B. Oshorn, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Ovington, Mrs. Edward Patterson, Lieutenant Baron von Rethkirch.

Immense success of Mrs. Anna Bowman seciety application, and a charming study of a wife who passes through a trying social orderl while ter hustand another to become an American aristocrat. United States Book Co., publishers, 310-318 fixth-ave. STILL PERNICIOUSLY ACTIVE.

THE PRESIDENT'S ORDER APPEARS TO BE A DEAD LETTER.

DEMOCRATIC OFFICIALS KEEP RIGHT ON MAK ING CAMPAIGN SPEECHES WITH ME

> CLEVELAND'S TACIT APPROVAL [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TELBUNE.]

Washington, Oct. 10 .- Members of President Cleveand's Cabinet who are in Washington are annoyed by publications which show that many officeholders engaged in making Democratic campaign speeches and otherwise conducting themselves with pernicious activity" in violation of the order of July 14, 1886, which still stands unrevoked. It is barely possible that Secretaries Carilsie, Herbert and Hoke Smith do not reflect the views of their master in regard to Civil Service reform, despite the fact that their constant and gross violations and evasions of the spirit, if not the letter, of the Civil Service law since they took office in the present Administration have not been checked or rebuked, even if noticed, by him, although they have been the subject of frequent and harsh criticism by the friends and advocates of reform, irrespective of party. It is stoutly denied by Administration partisans that President Cleveland has even intimated his disasure on account of the "obtrusive partisanship" of Secretaries, Assistant Secretaries, heads of bureaus and their deputies, to say nothing of an army of chiefs of division and other small fry, in the pending campaign, and the latter are encouraged to ontinue in a course which must be regarded as highly reprehensible by so devoted a champion of reform as Grover Cleveland professes to be. According a Washington dispatch published in "The New-York Times" of to-day:

It is asserted upon what may be accepted as un-questioned authority that the President has issued no general order nor anything that can be construed into an order against the participation of Federal officeholders in campaign work. It is inferred that the "unquestioned authority"

for this assertion is the Secretary of the Treasury, for the dispatch continues:

for the dispatch continues:

One report had it that Secretary Thurber brought word from Gray Gables that speechmaking by Administration officers must be stopped, and that herefier there should be no engagements by Cabinet officers or their assistants to make campaign speeches. Secretary Carlisie, who was the only Cabinet officer called upon by Secretary Turber while he was here, says that the President's private secretary did not refer to the subject, nor did he speak of the President as expressing any concern about the political acts of his subordinates.

The same dispatch refers to the order of 1886, and

The same dispatch refers to the order of 1886, and says that, according to President Cieveland's interpretation, the order was designed to prevent office solders from becoming "subject to the criticism that offices to which they had been appointed were not sufficiently large to afford them employment, and their appearance on the stump would suggest the possibility that if their offices could get along without them, it would be possible and economical to dispense with the offices they held, and so save the money paid to them in salaries." This is ingenious, but neither ingenuous nor true, for in among other things, said:

among other things, said.

I do not think that such an official can enter as a business a political campaign, and, consenting to a long list of engagements to address political meetings, fill such engagements, without neglecting his duty, if he holds ar other worth having, nor without taking with him in the canvass his official power and influence. Therefore, this course is condemned. The last clause of the first sentence, together with the last sentence, clearly defined the President's views, and the conduct of officeholders in this camthe last sentence, clearly defined the President's views, and the conduct of officeholders in this campaign is in flat violation of the order he issued to carry out these views. This order he has never seen fit to modify or revoke. Assistant Sccretary McAdoo, for example, has made engagements to deliver campaign speeches and carry "his official power and influence" into Delaware, New-Jersey and New-York in behalf of the Democratic party. Deputy Commissioner Bell, of the Pension Bureau, is aircady doing the same hing in Illinois. On Saturday, a coording to a special dispatch to "The St. Louis Republic," he "addressed a large and enthusisatic crowd of voters" at Oiney in that State. This will be cheering news to the tens of thousands of deserving applicants for pensions whose cases await soludication, as will also be the news that the other Ireputy Commissioner of the Pension Bureau, Mr. Murpny, is engaged in making Democratic campaign speeches in Pennsylvania and elsewhere.

The private secretary of the Secretary of the Treasury has gone to his home in Kentucky, it is understood, to take part in the campaign there. It may be remembered that a large number of Government employees in Washinston who half from that State went home to assist W. C. P. Breckinridge in his campaign for renomination. It is pretty safe to say that they did not lose their pay for the time they were absent, as did the Treasury employes who are members of the Grand Arm, of the Republic, and who attended the National Encampment at Pittsburg—except in cases where time was due to them on account of their annual leaves of absence, which the Secretary of the Treasury has no author-

taburg except in cases where this em on account of their annual leaves of absence such the Secretary of the Treasury has no author

ANOTHER GOVERNMENT DEATH-TRAP.

Washington, Oct. 10.-Another building rented and cupied by the Government has been found to be in danger of collapse. At the request of Assistant Postmaster-General Neilson, the District bere is more money?

Then came the annual survey of the work in preign lands prepared by Secretaries Clark and mith. From every country, without exception, ones encouragement. New opportunities were the country of the found the side walls weak and sprung. shop. He found the side wans weak and sprans, and the floors loaded far in excess of a safe limit. He declares that the lives of the people employed therein are endangered. Over one hundred women are employed on the third floor of this building, and on the same floor heavy mail sacks are piled almost to the ceiling. About one hundred mon are employed on the fifth floor, and the second and fourth floors are also heavily loaded.

THE TREASURY TEN-DAYS STATEMENT.

Washington, Oct. 10.-Treasury receipts for the first ten days of October aggregate \$6,500,000, while the ordinary expenditures so far have exceeded the receipts by about \$1,500,000. To this must be added interest payments of \$5,000,000, which swell the total date. Present indications point to about \$23,000,000 total receipts for the month. For the next twenty days expenditures are likely to be proportionately less than for the last ten days, and for the whole month of October, including interest, the expendi tures will probably not exceed the receipts by more than \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000. Customs dues from im than \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000. Customs dues from imported sugar may be expected to begin to come in the latter part of this month, and an increase of receipts from internal revenue duty from whiskey for the Christmas trade may also reasonably be expected in November. Increased receipts, therefore, are anticipated after this month, and the prediction is freely made at the Treasury that after November receipts under the new tariff will exceed the expenditures monthly, and leave at the end of the fiscal year a substantial surplus. The net Treasury balance to-day is \$118.784, of which \$50,840,000 is in gold.

SUGAR TRUST ARGUMENT POSTPONED. Washington, Oct. 10.-On motion of Mr. Parsons, of Philadelphia, attorney for the Sugar Trust, argument in the case of the United States against the trust was postponed by the United States Su preme Court to-day until October 22. The reason giving in asking for the postponement was the recent death of Mr. McMurtrie, of Philadelphia, one of the autorneys for the trust. The suit is of great interest, involving as at does the question whether trusts can be discolved by the Federal courts. The trusts can be discoved by the Federal courts. The case originated in a suit brought by the United States against the several corporations composing the Suzar Trust on the allegation that the Trust is carried on in violation of the Sacrata Anti-Trust law. In Philadelphia the Circuit Court and the Circuit Court of Appeals decided the case against the Government, and Justice Jackson, of the Federal Supreme Courtt, while on circuit, also readered a decision against the Government in a Whiskey Trust case involving similar questions.

NOT TO CARE FOR INSANE IMMIGRANTS. Washington, Oct. 10.-A peculiar case was deided by Secretary Carlisle this afternoon. Two Germans who immigrated to this country several years ago became insane while in the Massachusetts State Lunatic Asylum. Some weeks ago the asylum authorities sent them lack to Germany, prepaying their passage on the Hamburg Packet Company's steamer. The German authorities reto receive them, and they were brought back to this country and landed at Ellis Island, back to this country and landed at Ellis Island.

N. Y. Commissioner Senner officially received them, it is said, but detained them as insane and asked the Treasury Department for instructions. Secretary Carlisle has decided that the United States Government has no business to care for the two insane immigrants, and that the Ramburg Packet Company and the Massachusetts Sinte Lunacy Commissioner must settle the instructed by the Commissioner must settle the instruction between them. In the mean time the two immigrants are in the custody of the United States officials, who are having trouble in "letting go."

ANOTHER PLATE TEST ORDERED. Washington, Oct. 10.—Captain Sampson, chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, has

decided to test a second plate before accepting the 300 tens of four, six and eight inch armor represented by the plate tested last week. The plate tested as representing this group barely passed, and Captain Sampson is of the opinion that it does not fairly represent the group, being the poorest plate of the group which the Government inspector could find. He does not want to accept the group upon the slight margin shown by the first plate, and has instructed the in-spector at the Carnegle works to select another URIC ACID!

The Symptoms and the Antidote, from eminent authority!

Dr. N. Wiest, of Denver, tells how you may know if you have it.

"When a patient comes to me with any of the following symptoms, I immediately look for uric acid, and generally find it in sufficient quantities to cause the trouble: Intense headache, coming on either in the morning before rising, or after dinner. The morning headache often passes off after the patient has been up and about his work a short time; the afternoon headache generally becomes easier, or ceases altogether in the evening. There may be pain and a tired feeling in the back; a feeling of complete "goneness," or of fulness, as the case may be, in the stomach or bowels, with extreme restlessness; "blind staggers," as the patients often call it; dizziness, whizzing lights before the eyes; temporarily disturbed vision; buzzing in the ears, with a sense of fulness in the head. Sometimes the face is flushed, especially in the afternoon; the eyes congested. There may be aversion to mental or physical exertion; a sense of impending danger; irritable temper; indigestion, with all its accompanying evils; rheumatism and neuralgic pains."-READ BEFORE THE COLORADO MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Londonderry

Scientific men all agree that "Londonderry" is the natural remedy for this growing evil. Read the following:

From M. H. Lackersteen, M.D., LL.D., F.R.S.C., Chicago:

"I have met with much success in the use of the LONDONDERRY LITHIA WATER. As a natural remedy it is a remarkable one, Of its efficacy in REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF URIC ACID I am positive. and I shall continue to use and recommend it. In fact, I was one of the first in Chicago to use this water in practice. As a drinking water for table purposes it has no superior. It is extensively used at the Chicago and Calumet Clubs, and it can be found at the homes of the clubmen at any time. I can only speak favorably of it."

Still or Sparkling Londonderry for sale everywhere. Don't fail to read our pamphlets.

> ----New York Office: 76 BROAD ST.

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plate and ship it to the Indian Head proving-grounds. The date of the test has not been de-

grounds. The date cited upon.

An interesting test is expected to take place next week—that of a seventeen-inch plate representing the barbette armor of the Oregon. This plate has been shipped from the Carnegle works to Indian Head, and if it can be placed in position it will be fired at some day next week. NEWS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY. TRANSFERS, LEAVES OF ABSENCE, RETIREMENTS

AND PROMOTIONS. Washington, Oct. 10 (Special.)-The following orders have been issued by the Navy Department: Passed Assistant Engineer George S, Willits ordered to steel inspection at Thurlow, Penn.; Chief Engineer J. P. Mickler ordered to the receivingship Richmond; Assistant Engineer C. E. Rommell detached from the Richmond and ordered to duty at Cramps' shipyard; Passed Assistant Engineer J. P. L. Lawrence ordered to the Homestead Steel Company; Lieutenant William H. Everett and Lieutenant A. V. Wadham ordered to examination for promotion; Ensign George Mallison on Machias and Ensign George C. Day on the Day on the Vermont are ordered to exchange stations.

The following special Army orders have been ssued: A board of officers to consist of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles R. Greenleaf, Deputy Surgeon General; Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson V. dicton, Deputy Surgeon-General; Captain William Kneedler, assistant surgeon, is appointed to meet at San Francisco for the examination of such officers as may be ordered before it, with a view to determining their fitness for promotion. The fol-lowing officers will report to the board: First Lieutenant Charles Willcox, assistant surgeon; First Lieutenant Harlan E. McVay, assistant sur geon; First Lieutenant Euclid B. Frick, assistant

Leave of absence for three months, to take effect on or about November 1, is granted to Second Lieu-tenant George W. Kirkpatrick, 8th Cavalry, First Lieutenan, William C. Rafferty, 1st Artillery, is antiqued to temporary duty at Governor's Island, New York. The following officers will proceed to Sioux Falls, S. D., to appear before the Circuit Court at that place October 21 as witnesses in the case of the United States against Asel Kyes; Major Forrest H. Hathaway, quartermaster; Captain George E. Pond, assistant quartermaster; Cap tain Ezra B. Fuller, 7th Cavalry; First Lieutenant Hugh L. Scott, 7th Cavalry; First Lieutenant Zerah W. Torrey, 6th infantry; First Lieutenant William E. Almy, adjutant 5th Cavalry. The leave of absence on surgeon's certificate of disability granted to Second Lieutenant Charles DeL. Hine, Infantry, is extended one month and fifteen

granted to Second Lieutenant Charles Del. Hine, 6th Infantry, is extended one month and fifteen days on account of illness. The leave of absence granted to First Lieutenant Alfred B. Johnson, 7th Infantry is extended twenty days.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Wildrick, of the 1st Artillery, was to-day placed on the retired list of the Army at his own request, having served forty years. His retirement will cause the following promotions: Mator M. P. Miller, 5th Artillery, to lieutenant-colonel, 1st Artillery, Captain J. (I. Turnbull, 3d Artillery, to major, 5th Artillery, to lieutenant Selgiery, by the patternent C. D. Palmer, 4th Artillery; Second Lieutenant C. D. Palmer, 4th Artillery; Second Lieutenant C. D. Palmer, 4th Artillery, to first lieutenant, 3d Artillery.

By the retirement of Major Charles Bentzont, 1st Injantry, to the major, First Lieutenant Lag. Febiger, 23d Infantry, to be captain, and Second Lieutenant Edson A. Lewis, 1sth Infantry, to be first lieutenant Major Bentzont was twice brevetted for gallantry in the Civil War.

Secretary Herbert has approved the report of the examining board which found Dr. Arthur White, Fibribar examplement to enter the Surgeons' Corps of the Naty, and President Cleveland will make the assistance of the days, and the comment of the Array, stationed at Alcalra Island, Cal.

Secretary Herbert has ordered Captain George Wadleigh to hold bimself in readiness to command the cruiser Minneapolis (Captain Wadleigh is now on duty at the League Island Naty, Vard. The crew of the Mantenomen is to be transferred to the Minneapolis when that vessel is put into commission in about a week.

Y. P. S. C. E. CONVENTION CLOSED.

Y. P. S. C. E. CONVENTION CLOSED.

BROOKLYN SELECTED FOR THE PLACE OF MEET ING IN 1895-ELECTION OF STATE OFFICERS.

Albany, Oct. 16.-The delegates to the Christian Endeavor Convention awake this morning to find themselves compelled to face the worst driving re-ustorm which has visited the city this fall Nevertheless, Harmanus Bleecker Hall was filled with delegates when the session began. Several bundred additional Endeavorers came in yester day aftern son and last night. Sunrise prayer-meet tegs were held before the opening of tion in two of the city churches. At 10 o'clock the convention resolved itself into a committee or free parliament, and different phases of the work were discussed after a sort of question-box and answer Those who led in the discussion were the Hallock, of Rochester; Percy A. Lee, of Paughkeepsle; the Ray. Milton S. Littlefield, of New-York, and John R. Clements, of Binghamton. After an address on "Literature and Education" by the M. W. Stryker, president of Hamilton College, the convention took a recess until after-

ductive of much good to the delegates in the points brought out in the interchange of opinions as to the elements of success in Endeavor work. The topic "Bible Study" was discussed by the Rev. liarry W. Frost, of Toronto, following which there were free parliaments on "Missions," led by Miss Elizabeth M. Wishard, of New-York City, and "Gaspel Temperance," led by Samuel H. Hadley, of the McAuley Mission, New-York City, The topic, "Christian Endeavor Among Sallora," was discussed by Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wood, of New-York

At 5 o'clock there was a series of church rallies, At 5 o clock there was a series of church raines,
members of the separate denominations flocking
together, each in the church of his adoption.
Eight denominations participated in these railies.
This evening the closing scenes of the convention were enacted. In Hermanus Bleecker Hall the main body of the delegates were addressed by the Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, of Indianapolis, a "The Church and the Kingdom of God," and by "The Church and the Kingdom of God," and by "The Church and the Kingdom of God," and by delegates of the Church and the Kingdom of God," and by deavor." The convention adjourned sine die with a dedication service conducted by the Rev. Herman, we seem that two of the city churches this evening were addressed by the Rev. J. W. F. Carlisle, of Newburg; the Rev. Harry W. Frost, of Toronto; the Rev. E. H. Dickinson, of Seneca Falls, and the Rev. Charles H. Yatman, of Philadelphia. The convention was larger than any State convention yetheld by the societies. The registered attendance was 4,439. Brooklyn was the unanimous choice as the place for holding the next State annual convention. The platform adopted indorses temperance and good citizenship, the latter to embody pure politic and honest government. The missionary extension movement was approved, and the appropration of public moneys to sectarian educational institutions was opposed. The application of Buffall for the International Convention in 1826 was indorsed. A number of planks from platforms of other years were reaffirmed.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Fresident, the Rev. Dr. T. H. Mo Ewen, of New-York City; vice-president, the Rev. Clarence R. Barbour, of Rochester; secretary, A. E. Dewhurst, of Utica; treasurer, William Palmer, of Buffalo; junior superintendent, Miss Carrie M. Schuyler, of Little Falls; members of the Executive Committee—Winslow M. Bell, of Milton; Joha R. Clements, of Binghamton, and Charles Gibson, of Albany.

THE PRESIDENT IN A GALE.

HE AND HIS PARTY HAD A ROUGH PASSAGE RE-

TURNING FROM DEER-SHOOTING

AT NAUSHON. Wood's Hole, Mass., Oct. 10 .- The President and party, including ex-Governor Russell, Private Secretary Thurber, E. C. Benedict and R. W. Gilder, had an exceedingly rough passage from Nasshot to Wood's Hole to-day in the steam launch Coyell, to wood's Hole to-day in the steam launch Coyel, owned by Commodore Forbes. The launch tried to land at the wharf, but could not do so, on account of the heavy sea. Orders were given to hold the train for the President, and finally the party had to go around to Fish Commission wharf be fore they could land in safety. Carriages were list waiting to take them to the station. It was an exceedingly rough passage, but the President remained on deck in preference to staying in the cabin, and was only a little disturbed. Those of deck got a severe wetting. All the party, except ex-Governor Russell, left the train at Gray Gables. The party had good success in deer hunting yesterday at Naushon, and brought home some specimens.

THE BIG BASEBALL ENTERTAINMENT. The New-York baseball team is to receive the Temple Cup on Sunday night at the Broadway Theatre. District-Attorney John R. Fellows is to make the presentation speech, and the speech of acceptance will be made by Captain John M. Ward. This will be an incident of the entertain ment which will be given on that evening for the benefit of the players. Yesterday afternoon De Wolf Hopper and Digby Bell appeared among the brokers at the Stock Exchange and had no diffi-culty in disposing of three boxes at \$100 each and several hundred seats at \$5 each. Among the volseveral hundred seats at \$3 each. Among the valuateers for the entertainment are Miss Jensie Goldthwaite. Miss Jessie Bartlett Davis, Miss Bertha Waltzinger, Miss Edna Wallace Hopper, Henry Clay Barnabee, Eugene Cowles, Walter Jones, Digby Bell, Chauncey Olcott, Wilton Lackaye, Maurice Barymore and Willis P. Sweinara, A feature of the entertainment will be the appearance of De Wolf Hopper and his company in the school-room scene of "Dr Syntax," in which they will discard the costumes of the characters and play in ordinary attire.

hear tell of a purchaser wanting to buy an imitation? Why do men who try to sell such articles speak of the act as "working them off?" Simply because peo-ple want the best, and it takes work and likewise deception to sell them the worst. This unpleasant experience may befall the housekeeper who determines to

the new vegetable shortening The healthfulness, flavor and economy of this wonderful cook. ing product has won for it the widest popularity, which in turn nas attracted the attention of business parasites who are workterieits. Forewarned is torearmed. Be sure you get the out genuine vegetable shortening-COTTOLENE.

